




1




# Synchronization



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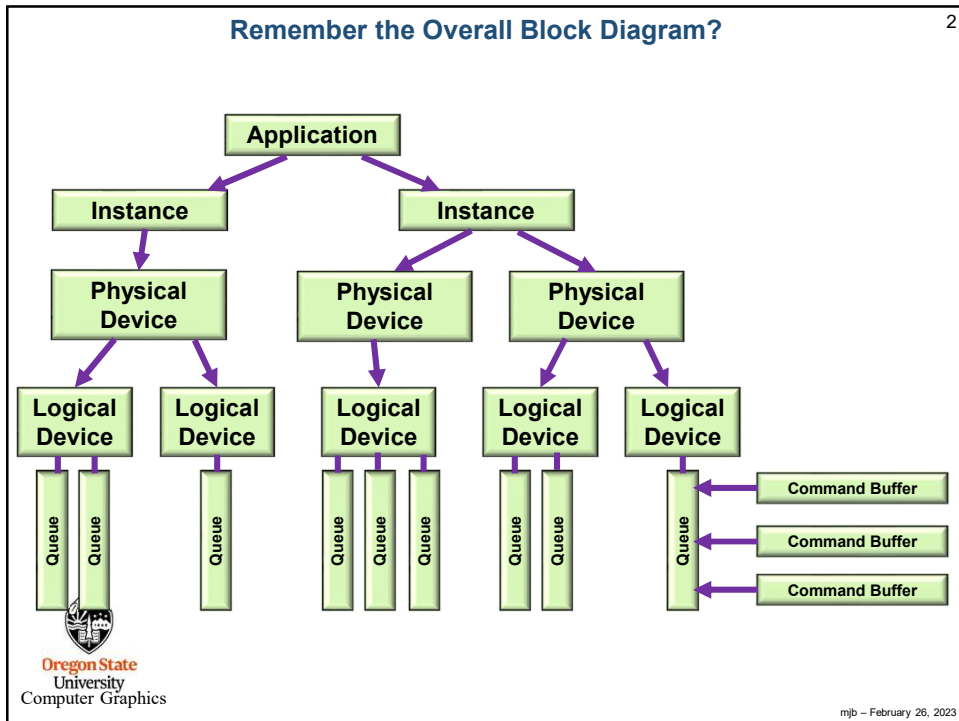
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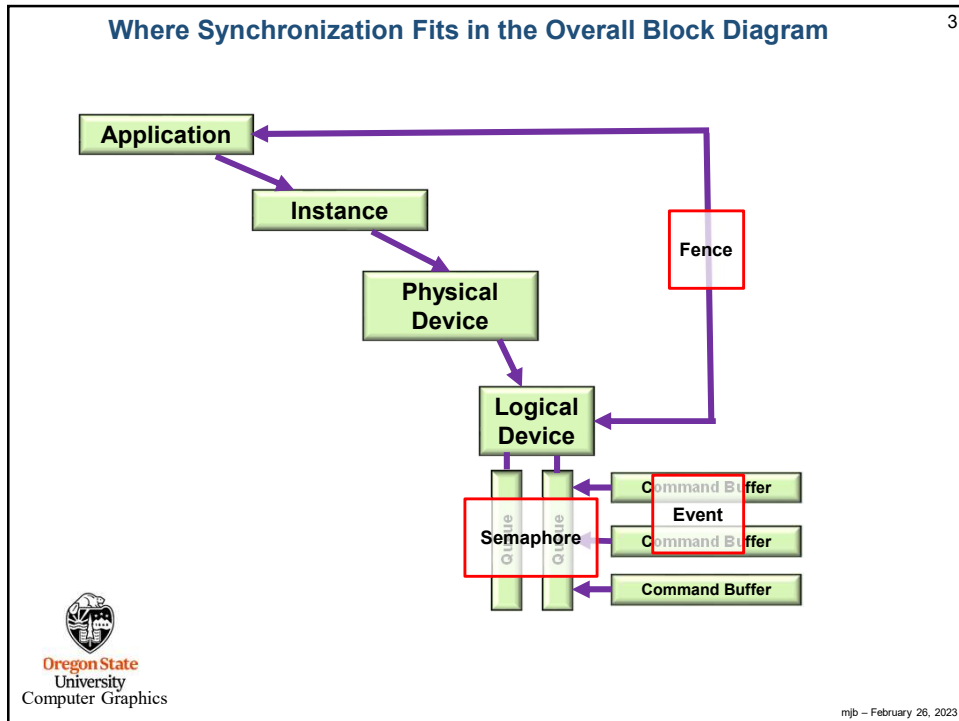
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Synchronization.pptx      mjb - February 26, 2023

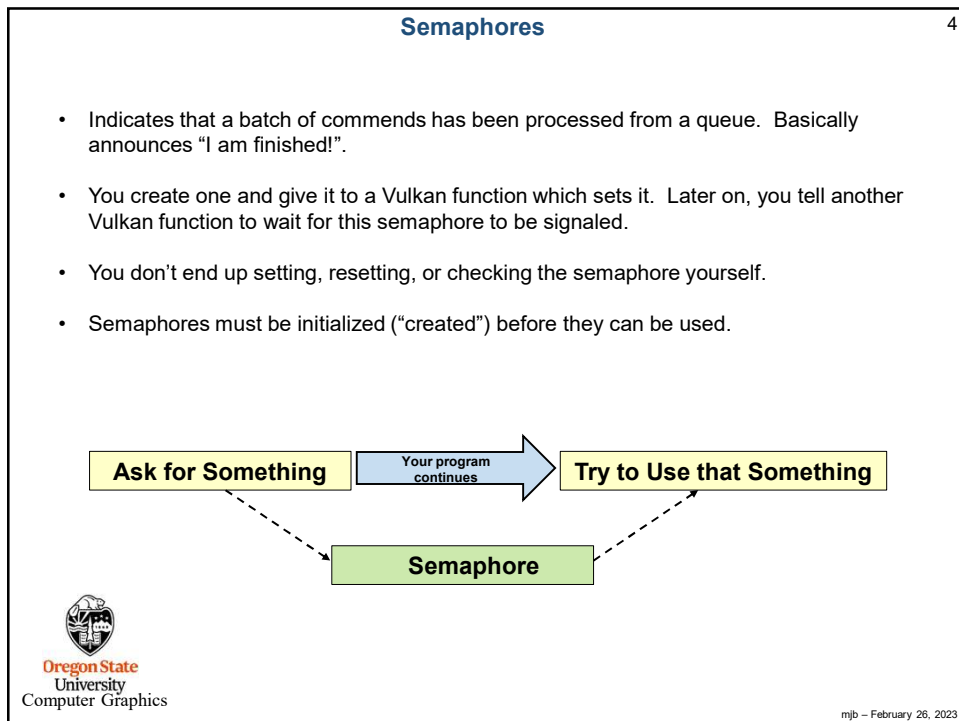
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2



3



4

## Creating a Semaphore

5

```

VkSemaphoreCreateInfo
    vsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_SEMAPHORE_CREATE_INFO;
    vsci.pNext = nullptr;
    vsci.flags = 0;;

VkSemaphore          semaphore;
result = vkCreateSemaphore( LogicalDevice, IN &vscli, PALLOCATOR, OUT &semaphore );

```

This doesn't actually do anything with the semaphore – it just sets it up



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5

## Semaphores Example during the Render Loop

6

```

VkSemaphore imageReadySemaphore;

VkSemaphoreCreateInfo
    vscli;
    vscli.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_SEMAPHORE_CREATE_INFO;
    vscli.pNext = nullptr;
    vscli.flags = 0;

result = vkCreateSemaphore( LogicalDevice, IN &vscli, PALLOCATOR, OUT &imageReadySemaphore );

uint32_t nextImageIndex;
vkAcquireNextImageKHR( LogicalDevice, IN SwapChain, IN UINT64_MAX,
    IN imageReadySemaphore, IN VK_NULL_HANDLE, OUT &nextImageIndex );
...

VkPipelineStageFlags waitAtBottomOfPipe = VK_PIPELINE_STAGE_BOTTOM_OF_PIPE_BIT;
VkSubmitInfo
    vsi;
    vsi.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_SUBMIT_INFO;
    vsi.pNext = nullptr;
    vsi.waitSemaphoreCount = 1;
    vsi.pWaitSemaphores = &imageReadySemaphore;
    vsi.pWaitDstStageMask = &waitAtBottomOfPipe;
    vsi.commandBufferCount = 1;
    vsi.pCommandBuffers = &CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex];
    vsi.signalSemaphoreCount = 0;
    vsi.pSignalSemaphores = (VkSemaphore) nullptr;

result = vkQueueSubmit( presentQueue, 1, IN &vsi, IN renderFence );

```

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6

## Fences

7

- Used to synchronize CPU-GPU tasks.
- Used when the host needs to wait for the device to complete something big.
- Announces that queue-submitted work is finished.
- You can un-signal, signal, test or block-while-waiting.



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7

## Fences

8

```

#define VK_FENCE_CREATE_UNSIGNALED_BIT    0

VkFenceCreateInfo
    vfci;
    vfci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_FENCE_CREATE_INFO;
    vfci.pNext = nullptr;
    vfci.flags = VK_FENCE_CREATE_UNSIGNALED_BIT; // = 0
              // VK_FENCE_CREATE_SIGNALED_BIT is only other option

VkFence    fence;
result = vkCreateFence( LogicalDevice, IN &vfci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &fence );

    , ,

// returns to the host right away:
result = vkGetFenceStatus( LogicalDevice, IN fence );
// result = VK_SUCCESS means it has signaled
// result = VK_NOT_READY means it has not signaled

// blocks the host from executing:
result = vkWaitForFences( LogicalDevice, 1, IN &fence, waitForAll, timeout );
// waitForAll = VK_TRUE: wait for all fences in the list
// waitForAll = VK_FALSE: wait for any one fence in the list
// timeout is a uint64_t timeout in nanoseconds (could be 0, which means to return immediately)
// timeout can be up to UINT64_MAX = 0xffffffffffff ( = 580+ years)
// result = VK_SUCCESS means it returned because a fence (or all fences) signaled
// result = VK_TIMEOUT means it returned because the timeout was exceeded

```



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8

## Fence Example

9

```

VkFence          renderFence;
vkCreateFence( LogicalDevice, &vci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &renderFence );

VkPipelineStageFlags waitAtBottom = VK_PIPELINE_STAGE_BOTTOM_OF_PIPE_BIT;

VkQueue presentQueue;
vkGetDeviceQueue( LogicalDevice, FindQueueFamilyThatDoesGraphics( ), 0, OUT &presentQueue );

VkSubmitInfo
    vsi;
vsi.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_SUBMIT_INFO;
vsi.pNext = nullptr;
vsi.waitSemaphoreCount = 1;
vsi.pWaitSemaphores = &imageReadySemaphore;
vsi.pWaitDstStageMask = &waitAtBottom;
vsi.commandBufferCount = 1;
vsi.pCommandBuffers = &CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex];
vsi.signalSemaphoreCount = 0;
vsi.pSignalSemaphores = (VkSemaphore) nullptr;

result = vkQueueSubmit( presentQueue, 1, IN &vsi IN renderFence );
...
result = vkWaitForFences( LogicalDevice, 1, IN &renderFence, VK_TRUE, UINT64_MAX );
...
result = vkQueuePresentKHR( presentQueue, IN &vpi );           // don't present the image until done rendering

```

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9

## Events

10

- Events provide even finer-grained synchronization.
- Events are a primitive that can be signaled by the host or the device.
- Can even signal at one place in the pipeline and wait for it at another place in the pipeline.
- Signaling in the pipeline means "signal me as the last piece of this draw command passes that point in the pipeline".
- You can signal, un-signal, or test from a vk function or from a vkCmd function.
- Can wait from a vkCmd function.

  
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10

## Controlling Events from the Host

11

```

VkEventCreateInfo
    veci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_EVENT_CREATE_INFO;
    veci.pNext = nullptr;
    veci.flags = 0;

VkEvent    event;
result = vkCreateEvent( LogicalDevice, IN &veci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &event );

result = vkSetEvent( LogicalDevice, IN event );

result = vkResetEvent( LogicalDevice, IN event );

result = vkGetEventStatus( LogicalDevice, IN event );
// result = VK_EVENT_SET: signaled
// result = VK_EVENT_RESET: not signaled

```

Note: the host cannot *block* waiting for an event, but it can test for it

11

## Controlling Events from the Device

12

```

result = vkCmdSetEvent(  CommandBuffer, IN event, pipelineStageBits );
result = vkCmdResetEvent( CommandBuffer, IN event, pipelineStageBits );
result = vkCmdWaitEvents( CommandBuffer, 1, &event,
    srcPipelineStageBits, dstPipelineStageBits,
    memoryBarrierCount, pMemoryBarriers,
    bufferMemoryBarrierCount, pBufferMemoryBarriers,
    imageMemoryBarrierCount, pImageMemoryBarriers
);

```

Could be an array of events

Where signaled, where wait for the signal

Memory barriers get executed after events have been signaled

Note: the device cannot *test* for an event, but it can block



12