

**Vulkan.**  
**Multipass Rendering**

**Oregon State University**  
 Mike Bailey  
 mjb@cs.oregonstate.edu

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - March 3, 2020

**Multipass Rendering uses Attachments -- What is a Vulkan Attachment Anyway?**

[“An attachment is] an image associated with a renderpass that can be used as the input or output of one or more of its subpasses.”  
 – Vulkan Programming Guide

An attachment can be written to, read from, or both.

For example:

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - March 3, 2020

**What is an Example of Wanting to do This?**

There is a process in computer graphics called *Deferred Rendering*. The idea is that a game-quality fragment shader takes a long time (relatively) to execute, but, with all the 3D scene detail, a lot of the rendered fragments are going to get z-buffered away anyhow. So, why did we invoke the fragment shaders so many times when we didn't need to?

Here's the trick:

Let's create a grossly simple fragment shader that writes out (into multiple framebuffers) each fragment's:

- position (x,y,z)
- normal (nx,ny,nz)
- material color (r,g,b)
- texture coordinates (s,t)

As well as:

- the current light source positions and colors
- the current eye position

When we write these out, the final framebuffers will contain just information for the pixels that *can be seen*. We then make a second pass running the expensive lighting model *just* for those pixels. This known as the **G-buffer Algorithm**.

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - March 3, 2020

**Back in Our Single-pass Days**

So far, we've only performed single-pass rendering, within a single Vulkan RenderPass.

Here comes a quick reminder of how we did that.

Afterwards, we will extend it.

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - March 3, 2020

**Back in Our Single-pass Days, I**

```

VkAttachmentDescription
vad[0].flags = 0;
vad[0].format = VK_FORMAT_B8G8R8A8_SRGB;
vad[0].samples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_1_BIT;
vad[0].loadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_CLEAR;
vad[0].storeOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_STORE;
vad[0].stencilLoadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[0].stencilStoreOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[0].initialLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_UNDEFINED;
vad[0].finalLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_PRESENT_SRC_KHR;

vad[1].flags = 0;
vad[1].format = VK_FORMAT_D32_SFLOAT_S8_UINT;
vad[1].samples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_1_BIT;
vad[1].loadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_CLEAR;
vad[1].storeOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[1].stencilLoadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[1].stencilStoreOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[1].initialLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_UNDEFINED;
vad[1].finalLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_DEPTH_STENCIL_ATTACHMENT_OPTIMAL;

VkAttachmentReference
colorReference.attachment = 0;
colorReference.layout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_OPTIMAL;

VkAttachmentReference
depthReference.attachment = 1;
depthReference.layout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_DEPTH_STENCIL_ATTACHMENT_OPTIMAL;
  
```

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - March 3, 2020

**Back in Our Single-pass Days, II**

```

VkSubpassDescription
vsd.flags = 0;
vsd.pipelineBindPoint = VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS;
vsd.inputAttachmentCount = 0;
vsd.pInputAttachments = (VkAttachmentReference*)nullptr;
vsd.colorAttachmentCount = 1;
vsd.pColorAttachments = &colorReference;
vsd.resolveAttachments = (VkAttachmentReference*)nullptr;
vsd.pDepthStencilAttachment = &depthReference;
vsd.preserveAttachmentCount = 0;
vsd.pPreserveAttachments = (uint32_t*)nullptr;

VkRenderPassCreateInfo
rpcki.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_RENDER_PASS_CREATE_INFO;
rpcki.pNext = nullptr;
rpcki.flags = 0;
rpcki.attachmentCount = 2; // color and depth/stencil
rpcki.pAttachments = vad;
rpcki.subpassCount = 1;
rpcki.pSubpasses = {vsd};
rpcki.dependencyCount = 0;
rpcki.pDependencies = (VkSubpassDependency*)nullptr;

result = vkCreateRenderPass(LogicalDevice, IN &rpcki, PALLOCATOR, OUT &RenderPass);
  
```

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - March 3, 2020

### Multipass Rendering

So far, we've only performed single-pass rendering, but within a single Vulkan RenderPass, we can also have several subpasses, each of which is feeding information to the next subpass or subpasses.

In this case, we will look at following up a 3D rendering with Gbuffer operations.

```

graph TD
    subgraph Attachments
        A0[Attachment #0]
        A1[Attachment #1]
        A2[Attachment #2]
    end
    subgraph Subpasses
        S0[Subpass #0]
        S1[Subpass #1]
        S2[Subpass #2]
    end
    A0 --- S0
    A1 --- S1
    A2 --- S2
    S0 --> S1
    S1 --> S2
    S2 --> A2
  
```

**Attachment #0**: Depth Attachment  
**Attachment #1**: Gbuffer Attachments  
**Attachment #2**: Output

**Subpass #0**: 3D Rendering Pass  
**Subpass #1**: Gbuffer Pass  
**Subpass #2**: Lighting Pass

Oregon State University Computer Graphics | mp - March 3, 2020

### Multipass, I

```

VkAttachmentDescription vad[3];
vad[0].flags = 0;
vad[0].format = VK_FORMAT_D32_SFLOAT_S8_UINT;
vad[0].samples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_1_BIT;
vad[0].loadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[0].storeOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[0].stencilLoadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[0].stencilStoreOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[0].initialLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_UNDEFINED;
vad[0].finalLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_UNDEFINED;

vad[1].format = VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32A32_UINT;
vad[1].samples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_1_BIT;
vad[1].loadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[1].storeOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[1].stencilLoadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[1].stencilStoreOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[1].initialLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_UNDEFINED;
vad[1].finalLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_UNDEFINED;

vad[2].flags = 0;
vad[2].format = VK_FORMAT_R6G8B8A8_SRGB;
vad[2].samples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_1_BIT;
vad[2].loadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[2].storeOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_STORE;
vad[2].stencilLoadOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_LOAD_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[2].stencilStoreOp = VK_ATTACHMENT_STORE_OP_DONT_CARE;
vad[2].initialLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_UNDEFINED;
vad[2].finalLayout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_PRESENT_SRC;
  
```

University Computer Graphics | mp - March 3, 2020

### Multipass, II

```

VkAttachmentReference depthOutput;
depthOutput.attachment = 0; // depth
depthOutput.layout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_DEPTH_STENCIL_ATTACHMENT_OPTIMAL;

VkAttachmentReference gbufferInput;
gbufferInput.attachment = 0; // depth
gbufferInput.layout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_OPTIMAL;

VkAttachmentReference gbufferOutput;
gbufferOutput.attachment = 1; // gbuffer
gbufferOutput.layout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_OPTIMAL;

VkAttachmentReference lightingInput[2];
lightingInput[0].attachment = 0; // depth
lightingInput[0].layout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_DEPTH_STENCIL_READ_ONLY_OPTIMAL;
lightingInput[1].attachment = 1; // gbuffer
lightingInput[1].layout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_SHADER_READ_ONLY_OPTIMAL;

VkAttachmentReference lightingOutput;
lightingOutput.attachment = 2; // color rendering
lightingOutput.layout = VK_IMAGE_LAYOUT_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_OPTIMAL;
  
```

University Computer Graphics | mp - March 3, 2020

### Multipass, III

```

VkSubpassDescription vsd[3];
vsd[0].flags = 0;
vsd[0].pipelineBindPoint = VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS;
vsd[0].inputAttachmentCount = 0;
vsd[0].pInputAttachments = (VkAttachmentReference*) nullptr;
vsd[0].colorAttachmentCount = 0;
vsd[0].pColorAttachments = (VkAttachmentReference*) nullptr;
vsd[0].pResolveAttachments = (VkAttachmentReference*) nullptr;
vsd[0].pDepthStencilAttachment = &depthOutput;
vsd[0].preserveAttachmentCount = 0;
vsd[0].pPreserveAttachments = (uint32_t*) nullptr;

vsd[1].flags = 0;
vsd[1].pipelineBindPoint = VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS;
vsd[1].inputAttachmentCount = 0;
vsd[1].pInputAttachments = (VkAttachmentReference*) nullptr;
vsd[1].colorAttachmentCount = &gbufferOutput;
vsd[1].pColorAttachments = &gbufferOutput;
vsd[1].pResolveAttachments = (VkAttachmentReference*) nullptr;
vsd[1].pDepthStencilAttachment = (VkAttachmentReference*) nullptr;
vsd[1].preserveAttachmentCount = 0;
vsd[1].pPreserveAttachments = (uint32_t*) nullptr;

vsd[2].flags = 0;
vsd[2].pipelineBindPoint = VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS;
vsd[2].inputAttachmentCount = 2;
vsd[2].pInputAttachments = &lightingInput[0];
vsd[2].colorAttachmentCount = &lightingOutput;
vsd[2].pColorAttachments = &lightingOutput;
vsd[2].pResolveAttachments = (VkAttachmentReference*) nullptr;
vsd[2].pDepthStencilAttachment = (VkAttachmentReference*) nullptr;
vsd[2].preserveAttachmentCount = 0;
vsd[2].pPreserveAttachments = (uint32_t*) nullptr;
  
```

University Computer Graphics | mp - March 3, 2020

### Multipass, IV

```

VkSubpassDependency vsdp[2];
vsdp[0].srcSubpass = 0; // depth rendering ->
vsdp[0].dstSubpass = 1; // -> gbuffer
vsdp[0].dstStageMask = VK_PIPELINE_STAGE_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_OUTPUT_BIT;
vsdp[0].srcStageMask = VK_PIPELINE_STAGE_FRAGMENT_SHADER_BIT;
vsdp[0].srcAccessMask = VK_ACCESS_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_WRITE_BIT;
vsdp[0].dstAccessMask = VK_ACCESS_SHADER_READ_BIT;
vsdp[0].dependencyFlags = VK_DEPENDENCY_BY_REGION_BIT;

vsdp[1].srcSubpass = 1; // gbuffer ->
vsdp[1].dstSubpass = 2; // -> color output
vsdp[1].dstStageMask = VK_PIPELINE_STAGE_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_OUTPUT_BIT;
vsdp[1].srcStageMask = VK_PIPELINE_STAGE_FRAGMENT_SHADER_BIT;
vsdp[1].srcAccessMask = VK_ACCESS_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_WRITE_BIT;
vsdp[1].dstAccessMask = VK_ACCESS_SHADER_READ_BIT;
vsdp[1].dependencyFlags = VK_DEPENDENCY_BY_REGION_BIT;
  
```

Notice how similar this is to creating a Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG).

Oregon State University Computer Graphics | mp - March 3, 2020

### Multipass, V

```

VkRenderPassCreateInfo vrpci;
vrpci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_RENDER_PASS_CREATE_INFO;
vrpci.pNext = nullptr;
vrpci.flags = 0;
vrpci.attachmentCount = 3; // depth, gbuffer, output
vrpci.pAttachments = vad;
vrpci.subpassCount = 3;
vrpci.pSubpasses = vsd;
vrpci.dependencyCount = 2;
vrpci.pDependencies = vsdp;

result = vkCreateRenderPass(LogicalDevice, IN &vrpci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &RenderPass);
  
```

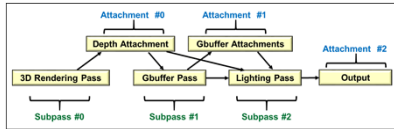
Oregon State University Computer Graphics | mp - March 3, 2020

Multipass, VI

13

```

vkCmdBeginRenderPass( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], IN &vpbi, IN VK_SUBPASS_CONTENTS_INLINE );
// subpass #0 is automatically started here
vkCmdBindPipeline( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS, GraphicsPipeline );
vkCmdBindDescriptorSets( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS,
    GraphicsPipelineLayout, 0, 4, DescriptorSets, 0, (uint32_t *) nullptr );
vkCmdBindVertexBuffers( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], 0, 1, vBuffers, offsets );
vkCmdDraw( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], vertexCount, instanceCount, firstVertex, firstInstance );
...
vkCmdNextSubpass( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], VK_SUBPASS_CONTENTS_INLINE );
// subpass #1 is started here
...
vkCmdNextSubpass( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], VK_SUBPASS_CONTENTS_INLINE );
// subpass #2 is started here
...
vkCmdEndRenderPass( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex] );
    
```



mp - March 3, 2020