

Why Two URLs?

2



http://mpi-forum.org

This is the definitive reference for the MPI standard. Go here if you want to read the official specification, which, BTW, continues to evolve.

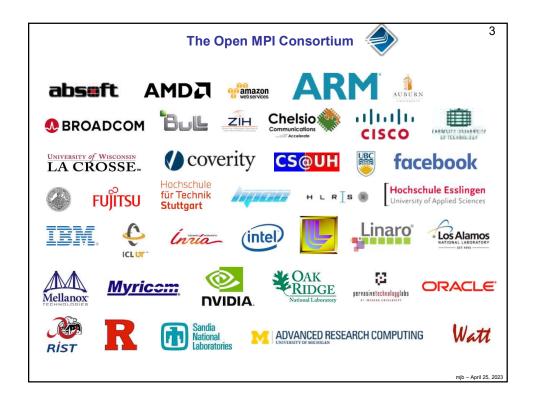
https://www.open-mpi.org/

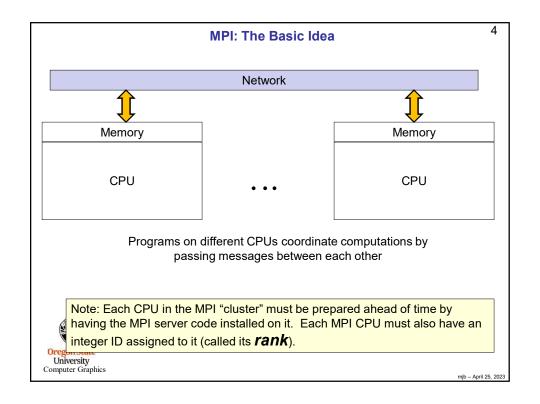
This consortium formed later. This is the open source version of MPI. If you want to start using MPI, I recommend you look here. This is the MPI that the COE systems use

https://www.open-mpi.org/doc/v4.0/ This URL is also really good – it is a link to all of the MPI man pages

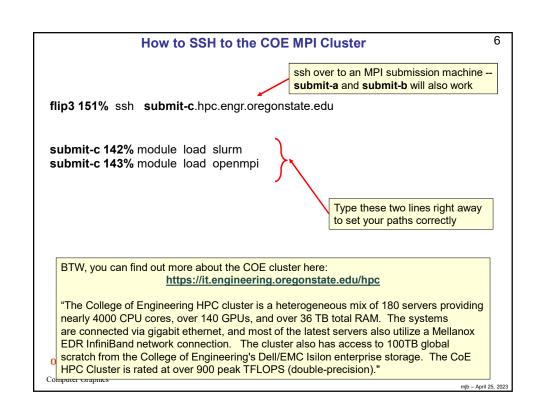


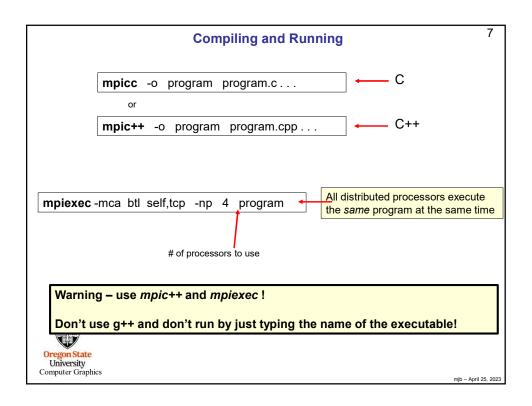
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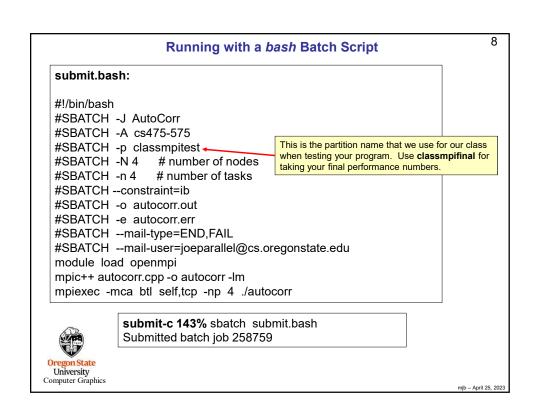












What is the Difference Between the Partitions classmpitest and classmpifinal?

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classmpitest lets your program get into the system sooner, but it might be running alongside other jobs, so its performance might suffer. But, you don't care because you are just compiling and debugging, not taking performance numbers for your report.

classmpifinal makes your program wait in line until it can get dedicated resources so that you get performance results that are much more representative of what the machines can do, and thus are worthy to be listed in your report.



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Auto-Notifications via Email

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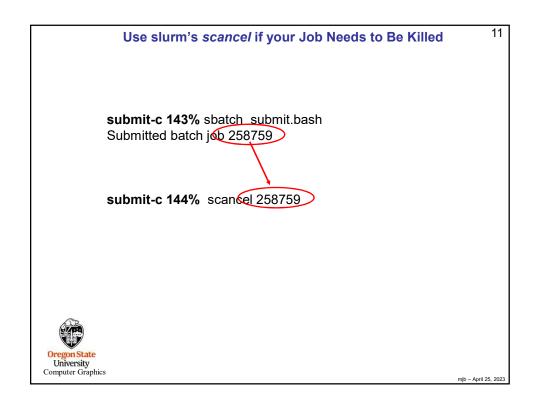
#SBATCH --mail-user=joeparallel@oregonstate.edu

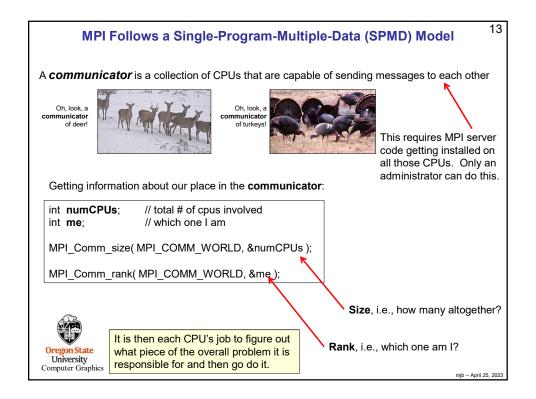
You don't have to ask for email notification, but if you do, *please*, *please*, *please* be sure you get your email address right!

The IT people are getting *real* tired of fielding the bounced emails when people spell their own email address wrong.



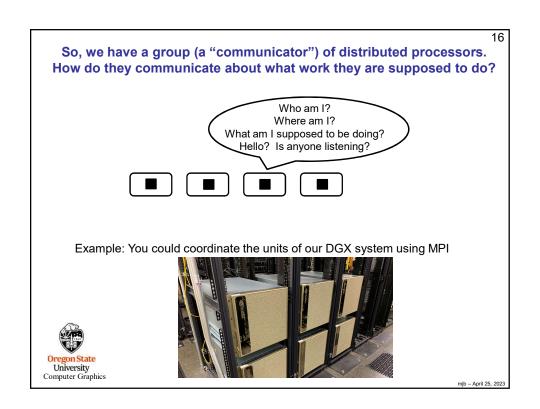
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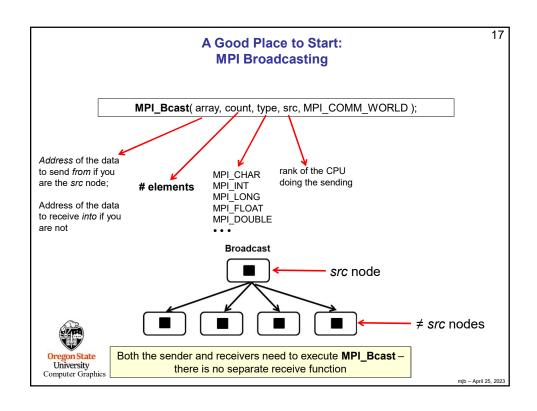


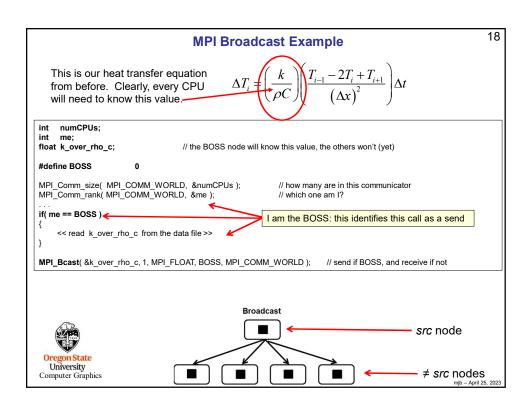


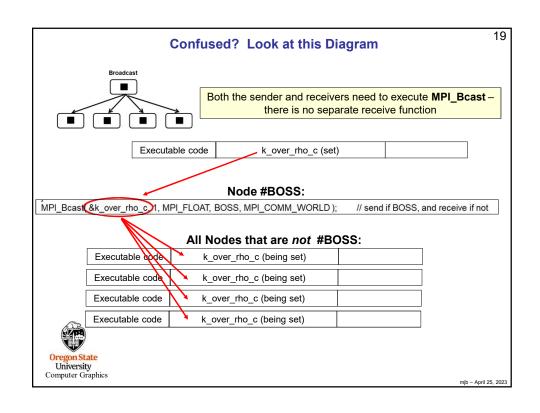
```
14
                                      A First Test of MPI
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <math.h>
  #include <mpi.h>
  #define BOSS 0
  main( int argc, char *argv[])
       MPI_Init( &argc, &argv );
       int numCPUs;
                           // total # of cpus involved
                           // which one I am
       int me:
       MPI_Comm_size( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &numCPUs );
       MPI_Comm_rank( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &me );
       if( me == BOSS )
           fprintf( stderr, "Rank %d says that we have a Communicator of size %d\n", BOSS, numCPUs );
           fprintf( stderr, "Welcome from Rank %d\n", me );
       MPI Finalize();
       return 0;
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                                                                                              mjb – April 25, 20
```

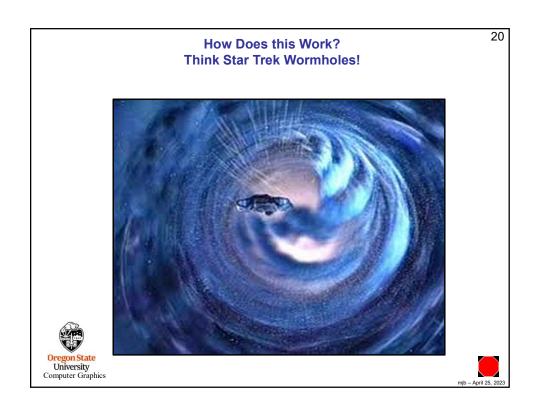
15 submit-c 166% mpiexec -np 16 ./first submit-c 165% mpiexec -np 16 ./first Welcome from Rank 13 Welcome from Rank Welcome from Rank 15 Welcome from Rank 5 Welcome from Rank 3 Welcome from Rank 7 Welcome from Rank 9 Welcome from Rank 11 Welcome from Rank 7 Welcome from Rank 5 Welcome from Rank 8 Welcome from Rank 13 Welcome from Rank 9 Welcome from Rank 15 Welcome from Rank 11 Rank 0 says that we have a Communicator of size 16 Rank 0 says that we have a Communicator of size 16 Welcome from Rank 2 Welcome from Rank 1 Welcome from Rank 3 Welcome from Rank 12 Welcome from Rank 4 Welcome from Rank 14 Welcome from Rank 6 Welcome from Rank 6 Welcome from Rank 8 Welcome from Rank 2 Welcome from Rank 12 Welcome from Rank 10 Welcome from Rank 14 Welcome from Rank 4 Welcome from Rank 10 submit-c 167% mpiexec -np 16 ./first submit-c 168% mpiexec -np 16 ./first Welcome from Rank 9 Welcome from Rank 13 Welcome from Rank 11 Welcome from Rank 15 Welcome from Rank 13 Welcome from Rank 7 Welcome from Rank 7 Welcome from Rank 3 Welcome from Rank 1 Welcome from Rank 5 Welcome from Rank 3 Welcome from Rank 9 Welcome from Rank 10 Welcome from Rank 11 Welcome from Rank 15 Welcome from Rank 1 Welcome from Rank 4 Welcome from Rank 12 Welcome from Rank 5 Welcome from Rank 14 Rank 0 says that we have a Communicator of size 16 Welcome from Rank 4 Welcome from Rank 2 Welcome from Rank 2 Welcome from Rank 6 Rank 0 says that we have a Communicator of size 16 Welcome from Rank 8 Welcome from Rank 8 Welcome from Rank 14 Welcome from Rank 10 Welcome from Rank 12 Welcome from Rank 6 ril 25, 2023

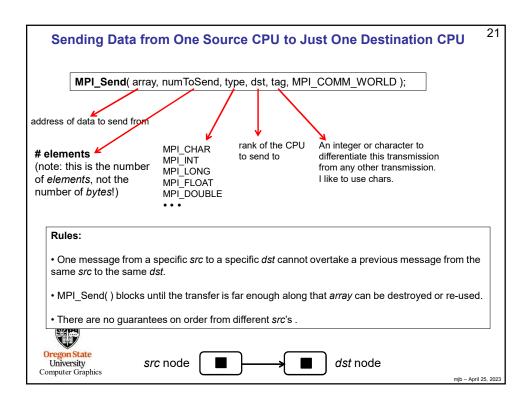


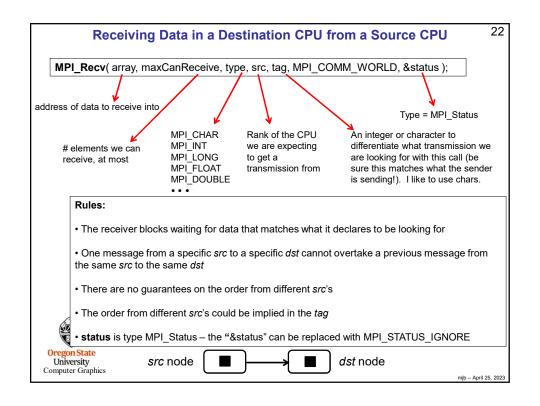






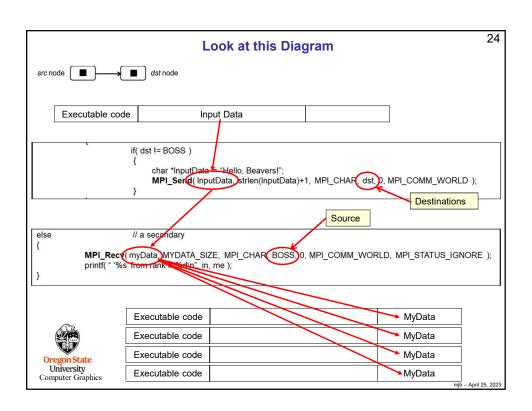


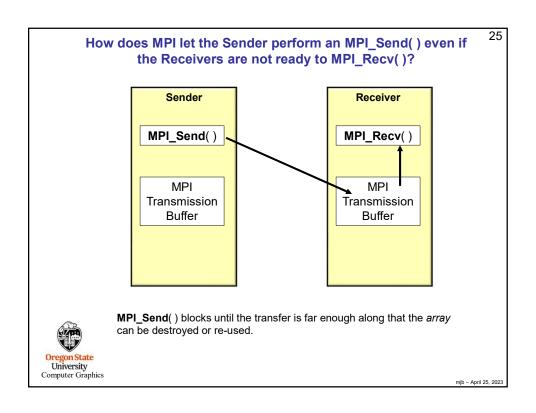


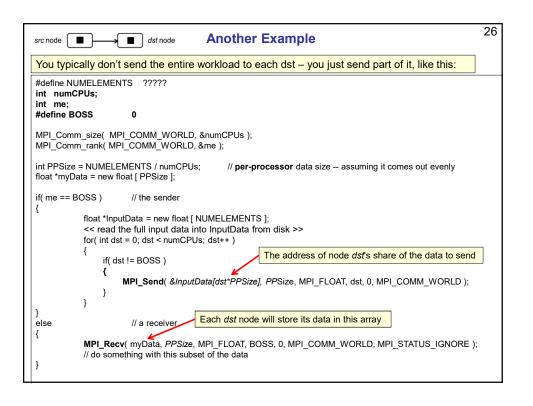


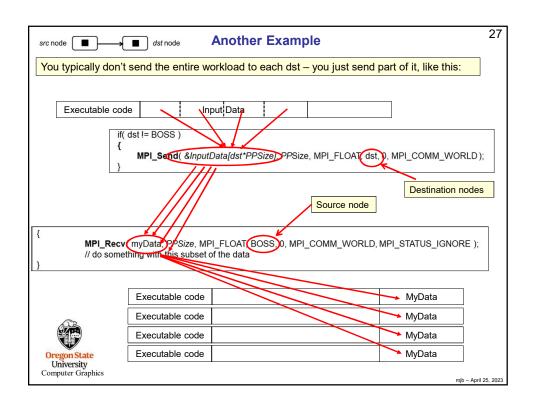
```
23
                                                 Example
Remember, this identical code runs on all CPUs:
int numCPUs;
int me;
#define MYDATA_SIZE 128
char mydata[ MYDATA_SIZE ];
#define BOSS 0
MPI_Comm_size( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &numCPUs );
MPI_Comm_rank( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &me );
if( me == BOSS )
                       // the primary
                                                                        Be sure the receiving tag matches
                                                                       the sending tag
           for int dst = 0; dst < numCPUs; dst++1
                       if( dst != BOSS )
                            char *InputData = "Hello, Beavers!";

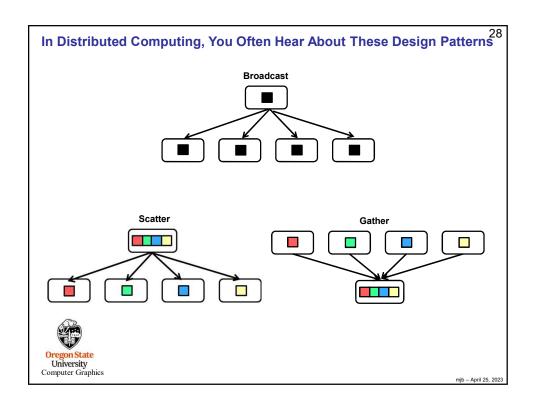
MPI_Send( InputData, strlen(InputData)+1, MPI_CHAR(dst) 'B', MPI_COMM_WORLD );
           }
                                                                                         The tag to label this
                                                                                         transmission with
else
                       // a secondary
                                                                       The tag to expect
{
           MPI_Recv( myData, MYDATA_SIZE, MPI_CHAR, BOSS, 'B, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE );
           printf( " '%s' from rank # %d\n", in, me );
  Or You are highly discouraged from sending to yourself. Because both the send and receive
 com are capable of blocking, the result could be deadlock.
```

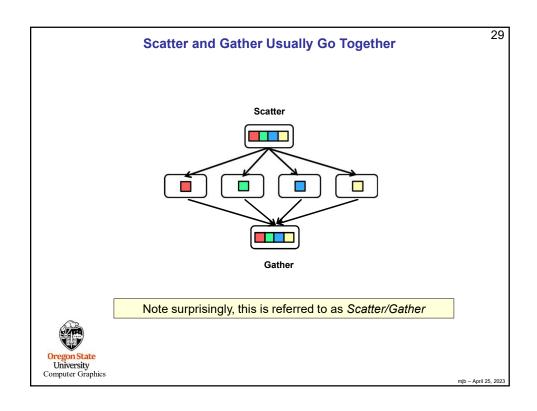


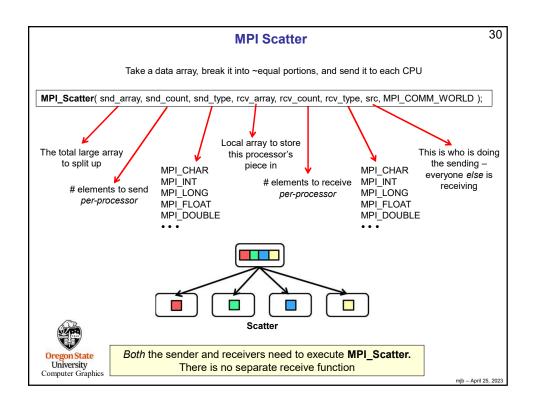


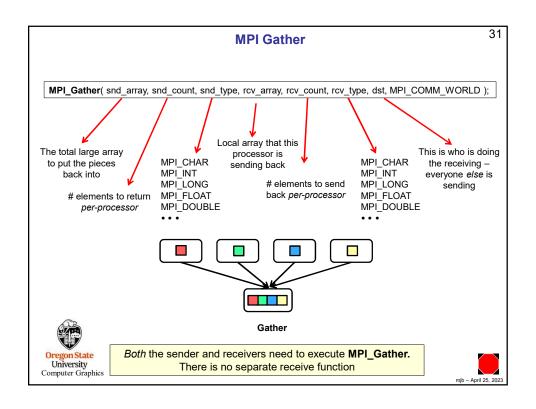


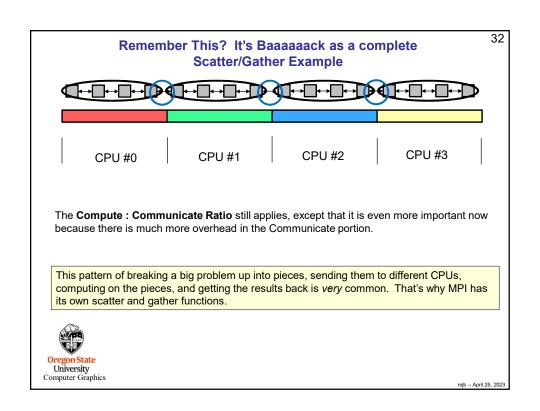












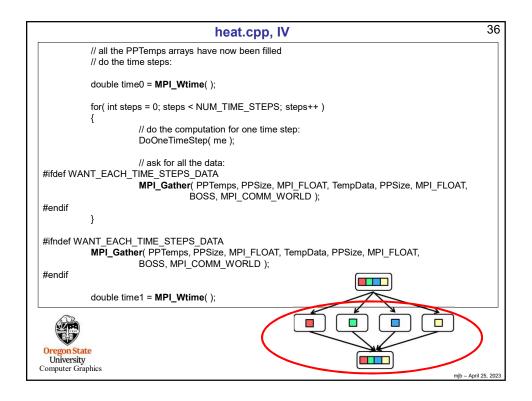
```
33
                                         heat.cpp, I
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <math.h>
  #include <mpi.h>
  const float RHO = 8050.;
  const float C = 0.466;
  const float K = 20.;
  float k_over_rho_c = K / (RHO*C);
                                              // units of m^2/sec NOTE: this cannot be a const!
  // K / (RHO^*C) = 5.33x10^-6 m^2/sec
  const float DX =
  const float DT =
                        1.0;
  #define BOSS 0
  #define NUMELEMENTS
                                   (8*1024*1024)
  #define NUM_TIME_STEPS
  #define DEBUG
                                   false
  float *
             NextTemps;
                                   // per-processor array to hold computer next-values
             NumCpus;
                                   // total # of cpus involved
  int
             PPSize;
                                   // per-processor local array size
  float *
             PPTemps;
                                   // per-processor local array temperature data
             TempData;
                                   // the overall NUMELEMENTS-big temperature data
  float '
  void
             DoOneTimeStep( int );
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                                                                                               mjb – April 25, 2023
```

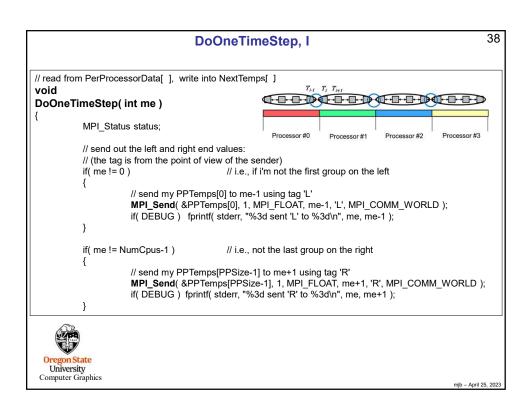
```
34
                                           heat.cpp, II
main(int argc, char *argv[])
           MPI_Init( &argc, &argv );
           int me;
                                  // which one I am
           MPI_Comm_size( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &NumCpus );
           MPI_Comm_rank( MPI_COMM_WORLD, &me );
           // decide how much data to send to each processor:
           PPSize = NUMELEMENTS / NumCpus;
                                                                     // assuming it comes out evenly
           PPTemps = new float [PPSize]; // all processors now have this uninitialized Local array
           NextTemps = new float [PPSize]; // all processors now have this uninitialized local array too
           // broadcast the constant:
           \label{eq:mpl_bcast} \textbf{MPI\_Bcast}(\ (\text{void}\ ^*)\&k\_over\_rho\_c,\ 1,\ MPI\_FLOAT,\ BOSS,\ MPI\_COMM\_WORLD\ );
                                            Broadcast
  University
                                                                                                    mjb – April 25, 2023
```

```
if( me == BOSS ) // this is the data-creator
{
    TempData = new float [NUMELEMENTS];
    for( int i = 0; i < NUMELEMENTS; i++)
        TempData[i] = 0.;
    TempData[NUMELEMENTS/2] = 100.;
}

MPI_Scatter( TempData, PPSize, MPI_FLOAT, PPTemps, PPSize, MPI_FLOAT, BOSS, MPI_COMM_WORLD );

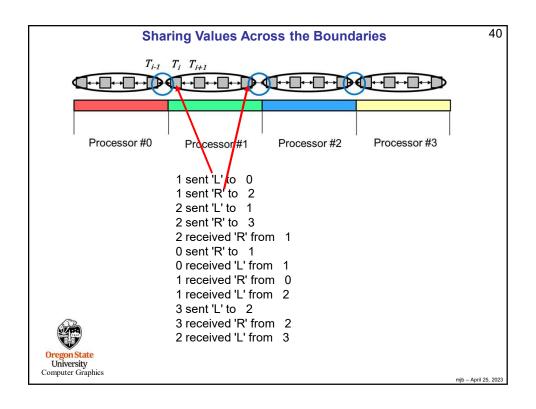
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University
Computer Graphics
```

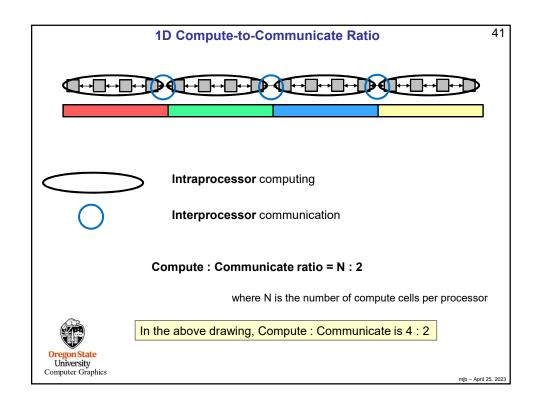




```
39
                                          DoOneTimeStep, II
                                                             float left = 0.;
             float right = 0.;
                                                                Processor #0
                                                                                Processor #1
                                                                                               Processor #2
                                                                                                                Processor #3
             if( me != 0 )
                                                    /\!/ i.e., if i'm not the first group on the left
                          // receive my "left" from me-1 using tag 'R'
                          MPI_Recv( &left, 1, MPI_FLOAT, me-1, 'R', MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status );
                          if( DEBUG ) fprintf( stderr, "%3d received 'R' from %3d\n", me, me-1 );
             if( me != NumCpus-1 )
                                                    // i.e., not the last group on the right
                         // receive my "right" from me+1 using tag 'L'

MPI_Recv( &right, 1, MPI_FLOAT, me+1, 'L', MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status );
if( DEBUG ) fprintf( stderr, "%3d received 'L' from %3d\n", me, me+1 );
            }
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Computer Graphics
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```



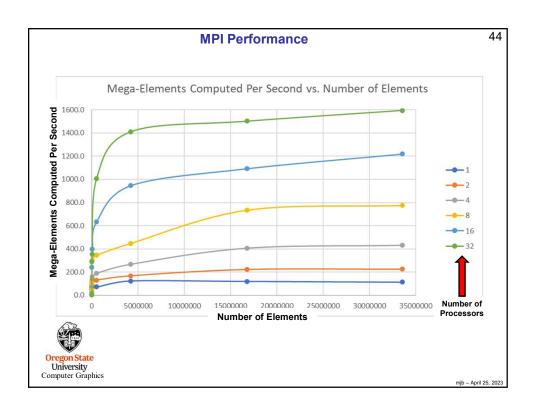


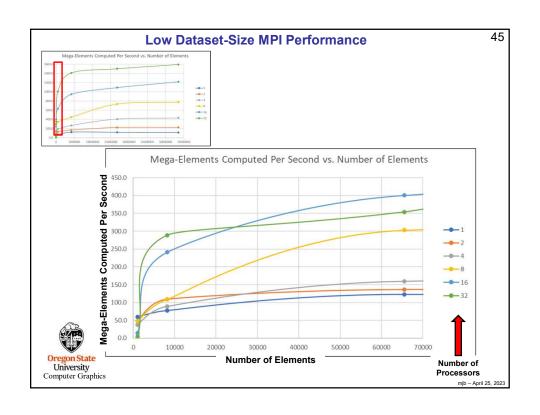
```
42
                                       DoOneTimeStep, III
            // first element on the left (0):
            {
                        float dtemp = ( k_over_rho_c *
                                     (left - 2.*PPTemps[0] + PPTemps[1])/(DX*DX))*DT;
                        NextTemps[0] = PPTemps[0] + dtemp;
            // all the nodes in the middle:
            for( int i = 1; i < PPSize-1; i++ )
                        float dtemp = ( k_over_rho_c *
                                     (\ \overrightarrow{PPTemps[i-1]} - 2.*PPTemps[i] + PPTemps[i+1])/(\ DX*DX))*DT;
                        NextTemps[i] = PPTemps[i] + dtemp;
            }
            // last element on the right (PPSize-1):
            {
                        float dtemp = ( k_over_rho_c *
                        (PPTemps[PPSize-2] - 2.*PPTemps[PPSize-1] + right ) / (DX*DX ) ) * DT;

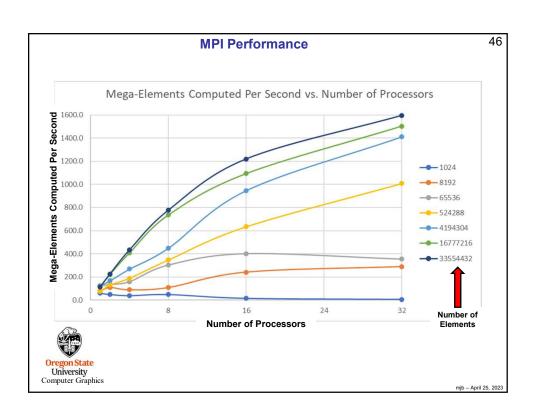
NextTemps[PPSize-1] = PPTemps[PPSize-1] + dtemp;
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```

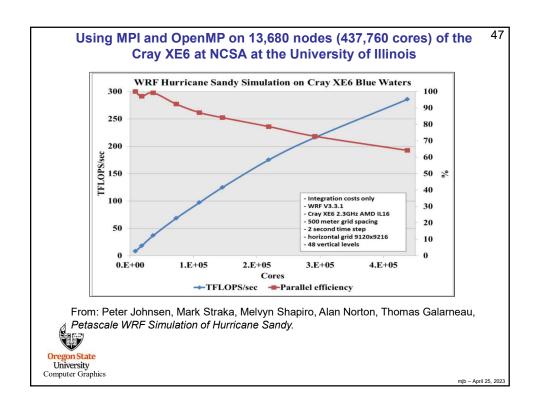
```
### DoOneTimeStep, IV

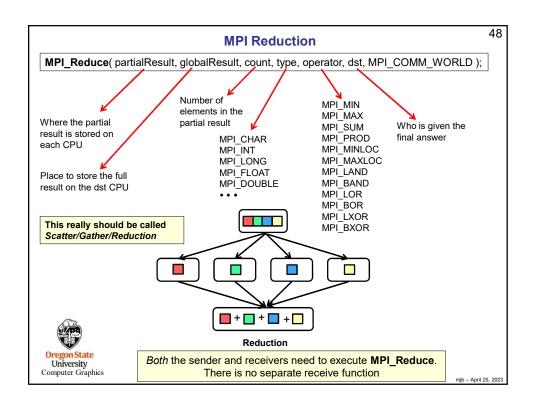
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```
## MPI Reduction Example

## gratuitous use of a reduce -- average all the temperatures:

## float partialSum = 0.;

## for( int i = 0; i < PPSize; i++)

## partialSum += PPTemps[ i ];

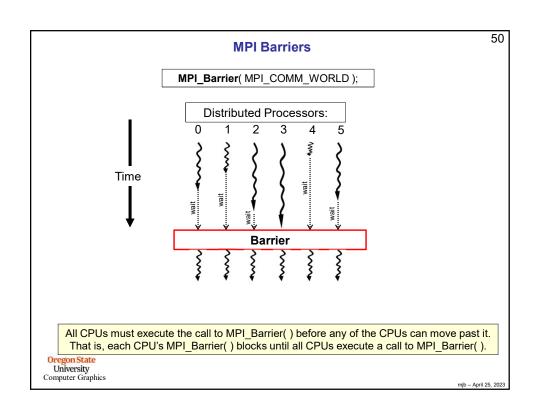
## float globalSum = 0.;

## MPI_Reduce( &partialSum, &globalSum, 1, MPI_FLOAT, MPI_SUM, BOSS, MPI_COMM_WORLD );

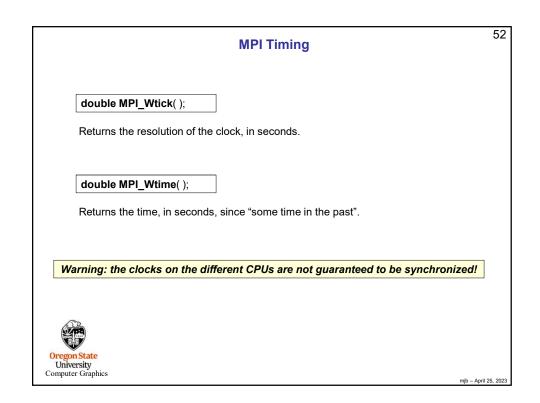
## if( me == BOSS )

## fprintf( stderr, "Average temperature = %f\n", globalSum/(float)NUMELEMENTS );

## If the image is a state of the
```



```
51
                                         MPI Derived Types
 Idea: In addition to types MPI_INT, MPI_FLOAT, etc., allow the creation of new MPI types so that you can
 transmit an "array of structures".
 Reason: There is significant overhead with each transmission. Better to send one entire array of
 structures instead of sending several arrays separately.
      MPI_Type_create_struct( count, blocklengths, displacements, types, datatype );
      struct point
                 int pointSize;
                 float x, y, z;
      };
     MPI_Datatype MPI_POINT;
     int blocklengths[ ] = { 1, 1, 1, 1 };
     int displacements[] = {0.4, 6, 12},
MPI_type types[] = {MPI_INT, MPI_FLOAT, MPI_FLOAT, MPI_FLOAT};
     MPI_Type_create_struct(4, blocklengths, displacements, types, &MPI_POINT)
Oregon State
                You can now use MPI_POINT everywhere you could have used MPI_INT, MPI_FLOAT,etc.
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                                                                                                    mjb – April 25, 2023
```



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MPI Status-Checking

Some MPI calls have a &status in their argument list.

The **status** argument is declared to be of type MPI_Status, which is defined as this struct:

- MPI_SOURCE is the rank of the node who sent this
- MPI_TAG is the tag used during the send
- · MPI_ERROR is the error number that occurred

Example:



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MPI Error Codes

MPI_SUCCESS No error MPI ERR BUFFER Invalid buffer pointer MPI_ERR_COUNT MPI_ERR_TYPE Invalid count argument Invalid datatype argument MPI_ERR_TAG
MPI_ERR_COMM Invalid tag argument Invalid communicator MPI ERR RANK Invalid rank MPI_ERR_REQUEST
MPI_ERR_ROOT Invalid request (handle) Invalid root MPI_ERR_GROUP
MPI_ERR_OP
MPI_ERR_TOPOLOGY Invalid group Invalid operation Invalid topology

Invalid dimension argument Invalid argument of some other kind

Unknown error

Message truncated on receive

Known error not in this list

Internal MPI (implementation) error Error code is in status

Pending request

MP_ERR_TOPOLOGY
MPI_ERR_DIMS
MPI_ERR_ARG
MPI_ERR_UNKNOWN
MPI_ERR_TRUNCATE
MPI_ERR_OTHER
MPI_ERR_INTERN
MPI_ERR_IN_STATUS

MPI_ERR_IN_STATUS
MPI_ERR_PENDING

MPI_ERR_FILE

MPI_ERR_NOT_SAME

MPI_ERR_AMODE
MPI_ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP
MPI_ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION
MPI_ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE
MPI_ERR_FILE_EXISTS
MPI_ERR_ACCESS
MPI_ERR_NO_SPACE
MPI_ERR_NO_SPACE
MPI_ERR_ROUTA
MPI_ERR_READ_ONLY

MPI_ERR_FILE_IN_USE
MPI_ERR_DUP_DATAREP
Oregon
MPI_ERR_CONVERSION
Univer
MPI_ERR_IO
Computer MPI_ERR_LASTCODE

MPLERR KEYVAL
MPLERR_NO_MEM
MPLERR_BASE
MPLERR_INFO_KEY
MPLERR_INFO_NOKEY
MPLERR_SEAVIN
MPLERR_PORT
MPLERR_SERVICE
MPLERR_NAME
MPLERR_NAME
MPLERR_NAME

MPLERR, SERVICE
MPLERR, WIN
MPLERR, SIZE
MPLERR, DISP
MPLERR, INFO
MPLERR, LOCKTYPE
MPLERR, ASSERT
MPLERR, RMA_CONFLICT
MPLERR, RMA_CONFLICT
MPLERR, RMA_SYNC

Invalid keyval has been passed
MPI_ALLOC_MEM failed because memory is exhausted
Invalid base passed to MPI_FREE_MEM
Key longer than MPI_MAX_INFO_KEY
Value longer than MPI_MAX_INFO_VAL
Invalid key passed to MPI_INFO_DELETE
Error in spawning processes
Invalid port name passed to MPI_COMM_CONNECT
Invalid service name passed to MPI_UNPUBLISH_NAME
Invalid service name passed to MPI_LOOKUP_NAME
Invalid service name passed to MPI_LOOKUP_NAME
Invalid size argument
Invalid disp argument
Invalid info argument
Invalid info argument

Invalid size argument
Invalid disp argument
Invalid info argument
Invalid locktype argument
Invalid assert argument
Conflicting accesses to window
Wrong synchronization of RMA calls

Collective argument not identical on all processes, or collective routines called in a different order by different processes

Error related to the amode passed to MPI_FILE_OPEN
Unsupported datarep passed to MPI_FILE_SET_VIEW
Unsupported operation, such as seeking on a file which supports sequential access only
File does not exist
File exists
Invalid file name (e.g., path name too long)

Permission denied
Not enough space
Quota exceeded
Read-only file or file system

File operation could not be completed, as the file is currently open by some process

Conversion functions could not be registered because a data representation identifier that was already defined was passed to MP_REGISTER_DATAREP

Invalid file handle

An error occurred in a user supplied data conversion function.

Other I/O error

Last error code



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